# FAMILY ALLIANCE AS AN ANTECEDENT OF DEPRESSIVE AND ANXIETY SYMPTOMS IN EARLY ADOLESCENCE: FRIENDSHIP QUALITY AS A MEDIATING FACTOR





Camille Marquis-Brideau<sup>1</sup>, Annie Bernier<sup>1</sup>, Marie-Julie Béliveau<sup>1</sup> & Melanie A. Dirks<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>University of Montreal, Montreal, Canada; <sup>2</sup>McGill University, Montreal, Canada

Camille.marquis-brideau@umontreal.ca

## **01. INTRODUCTION**

- Children first learn about relationships in their family
- Gradually move on to a larger social world to interact with peers
- Relationships of better quality with family
   (Dagan et al., 2022) and peers (Schwartz-Mette et al.,
   2020) → better socioemotional functioning
- Family influences: important developmental antecedent of children's capacity to make and to keep friends (Pallini et al., 2014)
- Friendship is likely to act as a bridge between family influences and child subsequent socioemotional adjustment
- To our knowledge, no study has yet
   examined such a developmental cascade

# 02. OBJECTIVE

Examine a 6-year developmental cascade:

Family alliance in kindergarten

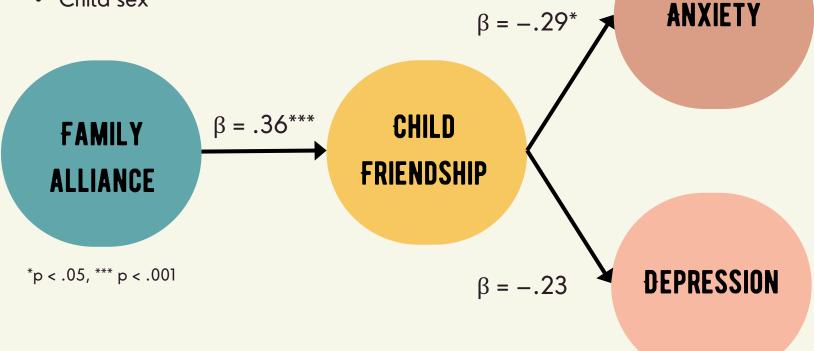
Friendship quality in middle childhood

Anxiety and depressive symptoms in early adolescence



# 05. ANALYSIS

- Mediation analysis with PROCESS in SPSS
- Covariates :
- Family SES
- Child sex



### Indirect effects:

- Family alliance  $\rightarrow$  anxiety through friendship quality : significant (estimate = -.102, bias-corrected bootstrapped CI = -.216 -.024)
- Family alliance → depression through friendship quality: non-significant

# REFERENCES

- American Psychiatric Association. (2013). What are anxiety disorders?
- Angold et al. (1995). Development of a short questionnaire for use in epidemiological studies of depression in children and adolescents. *Int J of Methods in Psych Research*, *5*(4), 237–249.
- Dagan et al. (2022). Configurations of mother–child and father–child attachment as predictors of internalizing and externalizing behavioral problems: An individual participant data (IPD) meta-analysis. *New Direct for Child and Ado Dev*, 2021(180), 67–94.
- Favez et al. (2011). The family alliance assessment scales: Steps toward validity and reliability of an observational assessment tool for early family interactions. *J of Child and Fam Studies*, 20(1), 23–37.
- Fivaz-Depeursinge, E., & Corboz-Warnery, A. (1999). The primary triangle: A developmental systems view of mothers, fathers, and infants. Basic Books.
- Pallini et al. (2014). Early child–parent attachment and peer relations: A meta-analysis of recent research. *J of Fam Psycho*, 28(1), 118–123.
- Parker, J. G., & Asher, S. R. (1993). Friendship and friendship quality in middle childhood: Links with peer group acceptance and feelings of loneliness and social dissatisfaction. *Dev Psycho*, 29(4), 611–621.
- Reynolds, C. R., & Richmond, B. O. (2008). Revised Children's Manifest Anxiety Scale - Second edition (RCMAS-2): Manual. Western Psychological Services.
- Schwartz-Mette et al. (2020). Relations of friendship experiences with depressive symptoms and loneliness in childhood and adolescence: A meta-analytic review. *Psycho Bull*, 146(8), 664–700.

N = 87 middle-class families

# 03. METHODOLOGY

### FAMILY ALLIANCE

- T1 : 6 years
- Mother-father-child engagement and coordination in ioint activities
- 15-minute Lausanne Trilogic Play (Fivaz-Depeursinge & Corboz-Warnery, 1999)
- Rated using the Family Alliance Assessment Scales (Favez et al., 2011)
- 15 subscales, e.g.,
  - Posture and gazes
  - Family warmth
  - Child self-regulation
- 25% of videos rated independently by two research assistants (ICC = .91)

### **CHILD FRIENDSHIP**

- T2:10 years
- Friendship Quality
   Questionnaire (Parker & Asher, 1993)
- Self-reported by children
- Four subscales used:
  - Conflict resolution
  - Held and guidance
  - Companionship and recreation
  - Conflict and betrayal

### **ANXIETY**

- T3: 12 and 13 years (averaged)
- Revised Children's Manifest Anxiety Scale-Second Edition Short Form (Reynolds & Richmond, 2008)
- Self-reported by adolescents

### **DEPRESSION**

- T3: 12 and 13 years (averaged)
- Short Mood and Feelings
   Questionnaire (Angold et al., 1995)
- Self-reported by adolescents

# 06. CONCLUSION

- Kindergarteners learn critical relational skills through better relationships with their **parents**
- Skills they can later use in interacting with peers → develop friendships that provide validation and companionship
- Social provisions = protective factors against the
   development of anxiety symptoms in early adolescence, a
   key period for the development of anxiety symptoms (American
   Psychiatric Association, 2013)

